

LBTM

A Data Base Management System

for the TRS-80 Model 4 computer

Cat No. M50-510

Installation Manual



MISOSYS, Inc.

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LS-DOS 6.x INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

General

Make backup copies of the disks which have been distributed with this package and store the originals in a safe place. The backups are considered *working masters*. There is a file named "README.TXT" on the installation disk. Please read that file by typing the command: LIST README

Please read over the entire installation procedures before proceeding. In this way, you will gain some degree of familiarity with what you will be expected to do in order to install LB into your operating environment.

The system requirements for running LB Data Manager are: 64K RAM, one hard disk and at least one floppy; 128K RAM and at least two 1-sided floppies; or 64K RAM and at least two 2-sided floppies. Proper operation of LB Version 2 with normal printers does not require use of the DOS FORMS filter.

The LB system is provided on one DOS data diskette which contains all LB Data Manager executable files and one DOS data diskette which contains the LB Data Manager initialization and start up procedures, the LB HELP facility file, as well as the maintenance utilities.

Hard disk and one or more floppies

Boot up your computer as normal. This usually means that the hard drive will be drive :0, and the first floppy drive will be drive :4. If your floppy drive is not ":4", revise the following "BACKUP" command accordingly. Place the LB executable disk in the floppy drive and give the command:

```
BACKUP LB:4 :0
```

Remove the executable disk, put in the installation disk, and issue the command:

```
COPY LBHELP/HLB:4 :0
```

This completes the hard disk installation of LB.

Two floppy drive installation

There are four ways to build your LB environment. This section discusses the methods; later on you will be directed how to physically implement each method. You must choose one of the four methods to implement.

1. Using one 40-track 1-sided disk: Use the LB executable disk as is. The LB HELP facility will not be available; thus, you will not be able to obtain on-line help while operating LB. If you choose to work with method one, you will be using a backup copy of the LB EXECUTABLE disk in your working environment for the LB "PROGRAM" diskette. The advantage to this method is that you never have to switch between a RUNTIME and a CREATION diskette during the operation of LB. The disadvantage is that the on-line help facility will not be available. At this time, make a backup copy of the LB EXECUTABLE diskette and label it "LB PROGRAM".

2. Using two 40-track 1-sided disks: You will construct an LB "RUNTIME" disk and an LB "CREATION" disk. If you choose to not add the LB HELP facility to the RUNTIME disk, there will be sufficient space to store the data base definition file and a number of screen and print format files. This will allow you to devote the data disk entirely to your data file. Please note that this might make producing an index difficult if there is no room for a temporary file in your system. If you do add the LB HELP facility to both the CREATION and RUNTIME diskettes, the on-line help will always be available. In either case, format two blank disks at this time; label them "LB RUNTIME" and "LB CREATION".

3. Using one 40-track 2-sided DATA disk: You will construct a new LB "PROGRAM" diskette. The LB HELP facility will always be available. Format one blank disk (two-sides) at this time and label it "LB PROGRAM".

4. Using one 40-track 2-sided SYSTEM disk: You will construct a new LB "PROGRAM" diskette using instructions which follow. The LB HELP facility will always be available.

This concludes our discussion of the four methods.

Next, make a backup copy of your DOS system disk. If you are using methods 1-3, label this disk "LB STARTUP"; if you are using method 4, label this disk "LB PROGRAM". Place this disk in drive :0. Now turn it into a minimal system disk by removing all non-system files EXCEPT the

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following: BACKUP/CMD, FORMAT/CMD, FORMS/FLT (if needed), and MEMDISK/DCT. You can easily do this by issuing the command,

PURGE :0 (INV)

and responding "Y" to all files which are not one of the above.

If you are using method 4, proceed directly to the section entitled, *Making PROGRAM, RUNTIME, and CREATION disks.*

Now place the **installation** disk in drive :1. The FORMS filter can be automatically installed by the following procedure if you want it installed; all you need do is specify (forms) in the following. Issue the command:

DO LBINSTAL or DO LBINSTAL (forms)

The installation Job Control Language file performs many operations to install LB. It will create a memDISK system drive and build an image file of the memDISK (called BACK/IMG). You will then be prompted to enter the number of floppy drives you are using, either 2, 3, or 4. The install program will specially configure the start up disk with this information.

When the process is complete, the DOS Ready prompt will appear on the screen. At this time it is recommended that you make several copies of the newly configured start up disk. This disk must be in drive :0 to start running the LB system.

IMPORTANT: During LB operation from floppy disks, the DOS will automatically be switched to a MemDisk, using the alternate memory banks of your computer. It will be referenced as drive :0. The first floppy drive will become drive :1, the second drive :2, etc. Be sure to refer to the floppy drives by these numbers whenever running LB.

Reboot your system using the new STARTUP disk. When you see the message, "Put Runtime or Creation disk...", hit the <BREAK> key to return to DOS Ready. At this point, your bottom disk drive (or left drive on a 4P) will be drive :1 and the top drive will be drive :2.

Making PROGRAM, RUNTIME, and CREATION Disks

Now it is time to make your working PROGRAM or RUNTIME and CREATION disks. Proceed according to the disk configuration method you have chosen for your environment: 1, 2, 3, or 4.

Method 1

You already have a usable working LB PROGRAM diskette which is a direct mirror-image backup of the supplied LB EXECUTABLE diskette.

Method 2

Place the supplied LB EXECUTABLE disk in drive :2 (the top drive) and place the formatted blank disk you labeled LB CREATION into drive :1 (the bottom drive). Issue the command:

DO CREATE

This JCL procedure will copy certain files needed during the data base file creation portion of data management from the supplied diskette to your "LB STARTUP" labeled diskette. When the file copies are completed, the procedure will prompt you to place the LB INSTALLATION disk into drive :2 so that it can copy the LBHELP/HLB file to your CREATION disk.

Now again put the supplied LB EXECUTABLE disk in drive :2 (the top drive) and place the formatted blank disk you labeled **LB RUNTIME** into drive :1 (the bottom drive). Issue the command:

DO RUNTIME

This JCL procedure will copy certain files needed during the data access portion of data management from the supplied diskette to your "LB runtime" labeled diskette. When the file copies are completed, the procedure will prompt you to place the LB INSTALLATION disk into drive :2 so that it can copy the LBHELP/HLB file to your runtime disk.

This completes the procedures of method two.

Method 3

Place the supplied LB EXECUTABLE disk in drive :2 (the top drive) and place the formatted blank disk you labeled "LB PROGRAM" into drive :1 (the bottom drive). Issue the command:

```
DO PROGRAM
```

This command will copy all of the executable files from the supplied 1-sided diskette to your 2-sided "LB PROGRAM" labeled diskette. When the file copies are completed, the procedure will prompt you to place the LB INSTALLATION disk into drive :2 so that it can copy the LBHELP/HLB file to your runtime disk.

This completes the procedures of method three.

Method 4

Place the supplied LB EXECUTABLE disk in drive :1 (the top drive); your SYSTEM diskette labeled "LB PROGRAM" is already in drive :0 (the bottom drive). Issue the command:

```
DO PROGRAM2
```

This command will copy all of the executable files from the supplied one-sided diskette to your two-sided "LB PROGRAM" labeled SYSTEM diskette. When the file copies are completed, the procedure will prompt you to place the LB INSTALLATION disk into drive :1 so that it can copy the LBHELP/HLB file to your PROGRAM diskette.

This completes the procedures of method four.

You should also format at least one blank disk to use for data and format file storage. This completes the floppy drive installation.

LS-DOS 6.x INITIAL START UP PROCEDURES

Hard disk and Floppy (2-sided SYSTEM disk) start up

Start up for hard disk systems and for an "LB PROGRAM" SYSTEM disk (constructed using method 4) is very easy. From the DOS Ready prompt, type the command:

LB

This will start the program and display the main menu. More start up options will be discussed in the section on *Normal Start Up* in the *LB Reference Manual*.

Floppy (all other) start up

Place the LB STARTUP disk in the first floppy drive. Press the reset button, and the start up program will load. At this point, you will be prompted to remove the start up disk and insert either the Creation disk or the Runtime disk.

For the initial session, insert the CREATION or PROGRAM disk in the first floppy drive. Normally, your data and other files will be on a disk in the second floppy drive. For the initial session, place a newly formatted disk in that drive. If you have additional floppy drives, you may wish to use them to hold some of your screen or print formats, or use them for work space.

Switching between Runtime and Creation disks

When operating LB with separate runtime and creation diskettes, the CREATION diskette must be in your first floppy drive when using Main Menu options 8, 9, and 10. Main Menu options 1, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 may be performed with either the RUNTIME or CREATION diskette. The RUNTIME diskette must be present when using options 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. If you encounter an "LB: Cannot execute overlay" message when attempting to execute an LB menu option, this generally means that the correct diskette was not present in your floppy drive. Insert the correct diskette and restart LB.

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Once LB is started, the Runtime and the Creation disks can be switched in the first floppy drive at any of three positions:

1. Anytime you are at the LB main menu;
2. anytime you are at the DOS Ready prompt;
3. anytime you are at the DOS prompt invoked from the LB SHELL facility, *main menu* option 15.

Special Keyboard Characters

Throughout the LB documentation, certain legends will be used to represent a particular key. Following is a list of the keys, and a chart of their functions on a TRS-80 computer.

Key legend	TRS80 type
<ENTER>	ENTER key
<ESC>	BREAK key
<INS>	F1 key
	F2 key
<^>	<CLEAR><;>
<\>	<CLEAR></>

When reference is made to a Control key sequence, it implies use of the computer's <CTRL> key. The sequence <CTRL-R> or <^R>, for example, means to hold down the <CTRL> key and then press the <R> key.

Using the Input Editor

LB will often use a special input routine to accept data from the keyboard. The maximum input length will be shown by a string of "dot" characters on the screen. When entering or editing data with this type of input, certain keys will allow you to make corrections without re-typing the complete entry. They are:

Function	TRS80 key
Transparent cursor left	Shift left arrow
Transparent cursor right	Right arrow
Delete character left	Left arrow
Insert character	F1 key
Delete character	F2 key

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The insert and delete functions can be used after transparently moving back into an existing entry. The arrow keys let you move around in the entry without changing characters. To change a character, simply type the new character over the top of the old one. The delete key will delete the character under the cursor. Pressing the insert key will insert characters at the cursor position until either the insert key is pressed again, or one of the arrow keys is used to move the cursor. When the insert mode is active, the shape of the cursor will be changed. On the PC type machines, the arrow keys are found on the numeric keypad, and Numlock must be off.

To end the entry, press the <ENTER> key. In most cases, the <ESC> key can be used to cancel the input.

Note on paths

Throughout the LB manual, reference is made to a path. This is nothing more than a character string which contains information designating the location of a file. Since the TRS-80 environment does not support a hierarchical directory structure, a file path is limited to a drive designation. LB requires the use of paths. Thus, where needed, a path string would be entered simply as a colon followed by a drive number (0-7).

CUSTOMER SERVICE INFORMATION

If you need assistance with the LB Data Manager, you can contact MISOSYS at the following location:

<p>MISOSYS, Inc. P.O. Box 239 Sterling, VA 22170-0239 (703) 450-4181</p>
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Our customer service hours are from 9 AM to 5 PM, Eastern Time, Monday through Friday. If you are calling with a specific problem, it would be most helpful if you have access to the computer system running LB while on the telephone. If this is not possible, please be sure you have written down the exact circumstances and error messages that may have been displayed.

LBTM

LB is about the easiest, most flexible data manager you can use for managing your data. Absolutely no programming is needed to create a database with numerous fields, construct input screens for adding and editing data, and create your own customized reports. It's great for address lists, sales records, customer data, or any kind of data storage.

LB supports up to 65534 records; 1024 characters per record; 64 fields per record; 254 characters per field.

LB supports 10 field types: alphabetic, calculated, date-last-modified, dollar, floating point, literal, numeric, right-justified numeric, upper case alphabetic, and upper case literal!

Flexible report generation to printer, console screen, or disk file!

The following Menu will be displayed when running LB on your computer. The program is just as easy to use as it looks to be! Select your desired operation, and be prompted for all needed input. And LB gives you the flexibility to customize your reports!

LB Database Manager - Version 2.1.0
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1) Select Data Base Name

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2) Add Records | 9) Define Print Formats |
| 3) Update or Delete Records | 10) Define File Format |
| 4) Print Records | 11) Set Screen/Add Index |
| 5) Sort or Select Records | 12) Change Password |
| 6) Run Automatically | 13) View Field Definitions |
| 7) Expand Data File | 14) View/Modify Path Settings |
| 8) Define Screen Formats | 15) DOS Shell |

Name: Index: None Screen: 0 Allocated: 0 Used: 0

Enter selection number ..